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# CALIBRATION INSTRUCTIONS

# IDE 150 / IDE 250

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## Calibration instructions, IDé 150 / IDé 250

Date	Edition number	Objet of the modification
10/01/2011	00	Original
06/03/2012	01	Update
05/03/2018	02	Global update
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## 1. 🛆 WARNING 🛆



#### CONNECTING ANALOGUE SENSORS TO THE IDÉ READOUT UNIT

1/ Check that the 9-pin socket is disconnected from connector M1 on the IDé readout unit.

2/ Connect the sensors and link cable inside the connection box, <u>as shown below</u> (example given with one BR41 and two sensors).



## 3/ <u>Before connecting the sensor cable to the M1 connector on the IDé unit, check the impedances on the 9-pin connector, as follows:</u>

- between pins <u>3 and 5 (A- and A+)</u>:

the impedance must be <u>greater than 45 Ω</u>. the impedance must be <u>greater than 45 Ω</u>.

- between pins <u>7 and 8 (R- and R+)</u>: between pins <u>3 and 7 (A- and R-)</u>:
- the impedance must be <u>equal to 0  $\Omega$ </u>.
- between pins <u>5 and 8 (A+ and R+)</u>:
- the impedance must be  $equal to 0 \Omega$ .

Note: If the sensor power supplies are short-circuited, the MIC4424 chip (IC13) may be destroyed.

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#### 2. PRESENTATION OF THE UNIT

#### 2.1. **Technical characteristics**

Maximum number of steps (in regulatory mode):	6000.
Minimum input step:	0.75 μV.
Weighing cell supply voltage:	7.5 V AC square.
Number of measurements / second (quick):	40 to 990
Load impedance (analogue sensors):	$\geq$ 45 Ohm.

Zero displayed at 1/4 scale. Interactive digital calibration on front panel. Mains power supply: 230 V / 50 Hz or 60 Hz + earth < 5 ohms. DC power supply: 12 V (or optionally 24 V). Consumption: 15 to 25 VA max, depending on configuration. Battery-backed internal clock and memory.

320×240 pixel LCD screen, showing a 6-digit weight with 14 mm high digits, and an operator guide.

IDé 150 keypad (9 keys):	<ul> <li>3 metrological keys</li> </ul>	S
	<ul> <li>6 application keys.</li> </ul>	
IDé 250 keypad (20 keys):	<ul> <li>3 metrological keys</li> </ul>	S
	<ul> <li>17 application keys</li> </ul>	5.

#### **Peripherals** 2.2.

The IDé readout unit features the following as standard:

Two serial links:

COM1: RS232 and/or RS485, 2 wires (Short distance link: max. 10 metres). COM2: Passive current loop, or optional<sup>\*</sup> RS232, RS485, 0/10 V, 4/20 mA, active or passive current loop, Ethernet Modbus TCP (XPort) (Long distance link: max. length depends on link type). \*: How options are managed depends on the features of the application software.

USB<sup>\*</sup> slave interface:

For communication with a PC (Short distance link: max. 3 metres). \*: How the USB slave interface is managed depends on the features of the application software.

Parallel interface:

LPT: For printing on a parallel printer (Short distance link: max. 3 metres).

One input for analogue sensors: (For analogue version readout units) M1:

6-wire analogue sensor(s) (Long distance link: max. 150 metres)



USB:

Reminder: Only one cable should be connected to M1. Sensors may be connected in parallel via a separate connection box.

One CAN bus interface:

**MASTER CAN**: Digital sensor(s), terminals, repeaters (Long distance link: max. 1,000 metres).

#### 2.3. Options

Memory extension:

EXT. MEM: Memory extension (USB stick)

PS2 port for PC keyboard. Option available for IDé 250.

### 3. FRONT PANEL

#### 3.1. Display and indicators



#### Key:

- 1  $\Rightarrow$  Metrological section (weight, metrological status, etc.).
- 2  $\Rightarrow$  Application section (menu, parameters, etc.).
- 3  $\Rightarrow$  Weight: 6 digits, 14 mm high.
- 4  $\Rightarrow$  Indicates the weight unit: kg or t.

- 5  $\Rightarrow$  Six status indicators (detailed below).
- 6  $\Rightarrow$  Number of measurements per second.
- 7  $\Rightarrow$  Weight in tenths of a division.
- 8  $\Rightarrow$  Parameters menu.

#### Status indicators:





#### 3.2. IDé 150 keypad



6 application keys and 3 metrological keys.

#### Key:

DSD

- 1 ⇒ "Up" key: Used to increment a flashing digit by one unit when entering data, or to return to the previous function in a menu.
- 2  $\Rightarrow$  "**VAL**" key: Used to confirm (validate) data entered, or to access the function displayed.
- 3  $\Rightarrow$  "**Right**" key: Used to reset the data item being entered, or to change the sign of signed data.
- 4 ⇒ "Down" key: Used to decrement a flashing digit by one unit when entering data, or to go to the next function in a menu.
- 5  $\Rightarrow$  "Left" key: Used to move the digit being entered to the left.
  - $\Rightarrow$  Used to display the weight in high precision mode in the menus, or to quit or cancel when entering data.

#### Metrological keys:



- $\Rightarrow$  "Tare" key, used to perform a semi-automatic tare on a gross weight.
- $\Rightarrow$  "**B/N**" key, used to switch for four seconds from displaying gross weight to net weight and vice versa.
- $\Rightarrow$  "Zero" key, used to reset the gross weight to zero (within the authorised range).

#### 3.3. IDé 250 keypad



17 application keys and 3 metrological keys.

#### Metrological keys:

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- $\Rightarrow$  "Tare" key, used to perform a semi-automatic tare on a gross weight.
- $\Rightarrow$  "**B/N**" key, used to switch for four seconds from displaying gross weight to net weight and vice versa.
- $\Rightarrow$  "Zero" key, used to reset the gross weight to zero (within the authorised range).

#### Application keys:



DSD

- $\Rightarrow$  Number keys used to enter numerical data.
- $\Rightarrow$  These keys form a pseudo mouse used to move around the various menus:

- $\Rightarrow$  Return to the previous data item or the previous menu function.
- $\Rightarrow$  Move to the next data item or the next menu function.
- $\Rightarrow$  Return to the previous character in alphanumeric entry.
- $\Rightarrow$  Move forward to the next character in alphanumeric entry.
  - $\Rightarrow$  **C**orrection key, used to clear or reset the data being entered.
  - $\Rightarrow$  Confirm data entered or displayed and access a function.
  - $\Rightarrow$  Display the weight in high precision mode in the menus, or to quit or cancel when entering data.





**IMPORTANT:** If a power failure occurs during calibration mode, before the backup is performed, all calibration parameters and values are lost.



#### 4.1. Changing the number of a digital sensor

This function is not available if the parameter "SENSOR TYPE 0=An 1=Dig 2=Candy" is set to "0" (analogue sensor), see 4.2.

When a sensor or transmitter is replaced, the CAN host number of the old sensor or transmitter must be assigned to the new sensor or transmitter, as follows:

- Confirm this function.
- Enter the CAN host number of the sensor or transmitter (53), confirm.
- Enter the CAN host number of the sensor or Transmitter to be replaced (number from 1 to 12), confirm.

If the sensor or transmitter number is not **53** (sensor or transmitter already used):

- Isolate the sensor or transmitter by disconnecting the CAN\_H and CAN\_L leads from the other sensors and transmitters.
- Confirm this function.
- Enter the CAN host number of the sensor or transmitter (**00**), confirm.
- Enter the CAN host number of the sensor or transmitter to be replaced (number from 1 to 12), confirm.
- Reconnect all the sensors and transmitters for a test.

**<u>Note:</u>** Digital sensors and transmitters are factory-set to the value **53**.

This function can also be used to automatically number all the digital sensors and transmitters present on the CAN bus of the readout unit, regardless of their host number, as follows:

- Confirm this function.
- Enter CAN host number 99, confirm.
- Automatic numbering is started, the message "WAIT 15s" is displayed.
- Once numbering is complete, the sensors and transmitters are displayed (see 4.7) enabling the numbering to be checked.

Host numbers are assigned in increasing order of the serial numbers.

#### 4.2. IDé operating mode

All the following parameters must be entered in this menu:

IDe TYPE	1=150	2=250 :	XX 00 = Re 01 = IDe 02 = IDe	Readout unit type (2 digits). served. é 150 front panel. é 250 front panel.
SENSOR TYPE 0=Ar	n 1=Dig	2=Candy:	X 0 = An 1 = AR 2 = CA	Desired sensor type. alogue sensor(s). PEGE MASTER-K digital sensor(s). NDY transmitter(s).
SENSOR NUMBER	. (1 t	co 12 ) :	XX	Number of sensors and transmitters connected (1 to 12).
INPUT RANGE (mV)	1=10 2	2=20 3=40	: X 0 = De 1 = Ra 2 = Ra 3 = Ra	Analogue / digital converter input rating. fault rating (20 mV). ting 10 mV. ting 20 mV. ting 40 mV.

MESUREMENT/SEC. XX*10 (1to99) : XX 06=6 18=1 Etc. 90=9 99=0	Number of measurements per second = "XX" x 10. 50 measurements per second. 180 measurements per second. 900 measurements per second. 990 measurements per second.
MULTI. RANGE (0 = No 1 = Yes) : $X$	If the instrument has a plate with two ranges and two scales, this parameter must be set to 1.
AUTO SWITCH W2/W1 (0=N 1=Y) : X	Automatic switching from W2 to W1 on return to zero, this parameter is only taken into account if multi-scale mode was previously enabled.
E2 1=ROMAINE 2=INCLINO 0=NOTH.: X 0=A 1=[ 2=	Use of auxiliary input " <b>E2+</b> ". Auxiliary input " <b>E2+</b> " not used. Dial scale switch connected to " <b>E2+</b> ". nclinometer connected to " <b>E2+</b> ".
REGULATED MODE ( $0=No 1=Yes$ ) : X	If the readout unit is intended for regulated use (commercial transactions, etc. and bears EC conformity markings) it is mandatory to set this parameter to 1. If this is not the case, the 6000 step and semi-automatic zeroing zone safety mechanisms are disabled.
DSD Number : XXXXXX	DSD number which will be used on the next DSD storage. (Only available on some software release)

## 4.3. Metrological parameters

All the following parameters must be entered in this menu:					
RANGE W1 (1kg to 500000kg) : XXXXXX	Range of weighing scale W1.				
DIVISION W1(max 500,000kg) :XXX,XXX	Scale division (multiple of 1, 2, 5) of weighing scale W1.				
RANGE W2 (1kg to 500000kg) : XXXXXX	Range of weighing scale W2. Parameter only available if multi-scale mode was enabled previously.				
DIVISION W2(max 500,000kg) :XXX,XXX	Scale interval (multiple of 1, 2, 5) of weighing scale W2. Parameter only available if multi-scale mode was enabled previously.				
IMMOBILITY (0,2d a 3,0d) : X,X	Depending on the conditions in which the scale is installed, the immobility zone will need to be adjusted.				
NB OF IMMOBILE MEASM.(09): X	Determines the speed at which immobility is reached according to the calculation = $("X" \times 8) + 8$ (8 to 80: number of measurements needed to achieve immobility).				

LOW PASS FILTER (0 a 10hz):	XX 00 = F 01 = C Etc. 10 = C	Determines the cutoff frequency of the digital low pass filter (Bessel filter). ilter disabled. utoff frequency 1 Hz (strong filtering). utoff frequency 10 Hz (weak filtering).
NUMERIC FILTER (XX average):	XX	If the filter is set to zero the measurement is not filtered; if set to 99 the filter is at its highest.
NET WEIGHING (O=N 1=Y 2=PT):	X 0 = N 1 = N 2 = N k	NET weighing operation. IET weighing not permitted (GROSS only). IET weighing permitted. IET weighing only permitted with a tabulated tare (TSA ey disabled).
FOLLOWING ZERO (0=No 1=Yes):	X	Zero follower enabled or disabled.
AUTOMAT. ZERO (0=No 1=Yes) :	X	Automatic zero enabled or disabled.
ZERO POWER ON (0=No 1=Yes) :	X	Zero on power up of readout unit (at +/- 10% of the range) enabled or disabled.

#### 4.4. Zero calibration

Before entering this menu, check the sensor connections and the condition of the load receiver (scale, weighbridge, chute, etc.).

If the load receiver is empty and clean, you may confirm zero calibration.

The duration of this operation depends on the time needed to obtain a stable measurement. Vibrations must be avoided.

#### 4.5. Gain calibration

Before entering this menu, the zero calibration must have been performed. Place the calibration weights on the load receiver then confirm gain calibration. The operator guide displays "Calibration weight value (kg):". Enter the total weight using the IDé keypad, then confirm.

The duration of this operation depends on the time needed to obtain a stable measurement. Vibrations must be avoided.

#### Notes:

- A good quality calibration requires calibration weights totalling close to the maximum range of the scale.
- This operation may be repeated several times without removing the weights.

#### 4.6. Gravity adjustment

This function is used to enter the value of gravity in the calibration location and the gravity in the location where the unit is installed:

Calibration	gravity	(G) :		X.XXXXX	Enter the gravity corresponding to the calibration location.
Utilization	gravity	(G)	:	X.XXXXX	Enter the gravity corresponding to the installation location.

#### 4.7. Displaying the value of an angle

This function is not available if the parameter "SENSOR TYPE 0=An 1=Dig 2=Candy" is set to "0" (analogue sensor), see 4.2.

When this function is confirmed, the screen below is displayed.



Key:

- 1  $\Rightarrow$  CAN host number of selected sensor.
- 2  $\Rightarrow$  Serial number of selected sensor.
- 3  $\Rightarrow$  Number of points returned by the sensor.
- 4  $\Rightarrow$  Total of points returned by all sensors.



This function is simply used to check that a sensor is online or to see the load distribution on the load receiver.

#### 4.8. Angle correction

This function is not available if the parameter "SENSOR TYPE 0=An 1=Dig 2=Candy" is set to "0" (analogue sensor), see 4.2.

It enables a correction to be applied if an angle is too high or too low. Enter the CAN host number of the sensor to be corrected then the correction value in converter points.

**Note:** ARPEGE MASTER-K digital sensors give 100,000 points for the maximum range of the sensor.

#### 4.9. End of slope correction

This function can be used to apply a slight correction to the slope (system gain). It may be used in particular to compensate for variation in the "g" factor for the location where the complete instrument is used.

If a slight offset at full load is noted when the scale is checked, this function can be used to correct the error:

- Confirm this function then enter the correction value and confirm again.
- Check the result of the correction by viewing the weight on the display.

#### 4.10. <u>Service menu</u>

This function gives access to the service menu shown below.



#### 4.10.1. Backing up settings and parameters on a PC

This menu is used to save all the settings and parameters in a text file (.TXT) on a PC.

To transfer the settings:

- Connect the PC (COM 1) to the IDé unit (COM 1) using a PC/IDé connection cable.
- Run the HyperTerminal program (Access path to hypertrm.exe: "C:\Program Files\Accessories\HyperTerminal\HYPERTRM.EXE")
- Enter a name for the la connection then click OK (TERMINAL.IDE).
- In the "Connect using" section, select "Direct to COM1".
- Configure the connection at **9600 baud, no parity bits, one stop bit, no flow control**.
- Return to the main screen, select "*Transfer*" then "*Capture Text*", define the backup file name and confirm by clicking "*Start*". The PC waits to receive data.
- On the IDé unit, confirm the "IDé-->PC" function.
- The operator guide displays "Tr. Num zone (1/2/3/4/5):". Use the IDé keypad to select the memory zone to transfer, then confirm.
- During transmission, the backup is displayed on the PC screen; the IDé unit displays "**Tr**" followed by an animated cursor.
- To stop the backup, select "*Transfer*", "*Capture Text*" and "*Stop*".
- Once the backup is complete, return to the service menu.

#### Details of the memory zones that can be transferred:

<b>ZONE 1</b> :	Metrology EEPROM

- **ZONE 2**: Application EEPROM
- **ZONE 3**: Includes all previous zones
- ZONE 4: Reserved.
- ZONE 5: Reserved.

#### 4.10.2. <u>Restoring the settings and parameters via a PC</u>

This menu is used to restore all settings and parameters saved previously on a PC, in a text file (.TXT).

To transfer the settings:

- PC (COM 1) to the IDé unit (COM 1) using a PC/IDé connection cable.
- Run the *HyperTerminal* program (Access path to hypertrm.exe: "C:\Program Files\Accessories\HyperTerminal\HYPERTRM.EXE")
- Enter a name for the la connection then click OK (TERMINAL.IDE).
- In the "Connect using" section, select "Direct to COM1".
- Configure the connection at **9600 baud**, no parity bits, one stop bit, no flow control.
- On the IDé unit, confirm the "**PC-->IDé**" function.
- The operator guide displays "**Re. Num zone** (1/2/3/4/5) :". Use the IDé keypad to select the memory zone to restore, then confirm. The IDé unit waits for data.

(Transfer lasts a few seconds).

(Transfer lasts a few seconds).

(Transfer lasts a few seconds).

- On the PC, select "*Transfer*" then in "*Send text file*", select the backup file to be transferred and click
   "*Open*". The PC transmits the data.
- During transmission, the IDé unit displays "Re" followed by an animated cursor.
- Once the restore is complete, return to the service menu.

#### 4.10.3. Backing up settings and parameters to memory extension

This function is used to save all settings and parameters (EEPROM metrology zone) to the memory extension.

When you select this function, the message "WRITE ..." is displayed during the backup. Once the backup is complete, return to the service menu.

#### 4.10.4. Restoring settings and parameters from the memory extension

This function is used to restore all settings and parameters (EEPROM metrology zone) stored previously in the memory extension.

When you select this function, the message "**READ** ...." is displayed during the restore. Once the restore is complete, return to the service menu.

#### 4.10.5. Zero and gain values

This function is used to display and enter the zero calibration and gain values:

Zero scale	(conv. pts)	: XXXXXXX	Display and/or enter the zero calibration value (empty tare) in converter points.
Gain scale	(conv. pts)	: XXXXXXX	Display and/or enter the gain calibration value (pull) in converter points.

#### 4.10.6. Return to the calibration menu

This function is used to return to the calibration menu.

#### 4.11. Printing parameters and calibration settings

If a printer is connected to the LPT and/or COM1 port, you can keep a paper copy of the parameters and calibration settings by selecting this function.

### 4.12. End of calibration and storing data

Select this function to quit calibration mode and save the parameters and settings.

While the data is being stored, the operator guide displays "**SAVE**". This operation takes several seconds. The message "**StrapOFF**" is then displayed as shown on the screen below.



Key:

- 1  $\Rightarrow$  Message indicating that the calibration switch must be toggled.
- 2  $\Rightarrow$  Zero calibration value (empty tare) in converter points.
- 3  $\Rightarrow$  Calibration sensitivity in  $\mu$ V per division (value given for information).
- 4  $\Rightarrow$  Gain calibration (pull) in converter points.

Set the calibration switch back to its initial position (normal mode). The readout unit will restart in application mode.

## 5. ERROR MESSAGES

#### 5.1. Error messages on the weight display



# 5.2. Error messages during configuration or calibration (on the operator guide)

- " **ERROR 1**": Division incorrect.
- " **ERROR 2**": Division other than 1/2/5.
- " ERROR 3": Range greater than 500 tonnes.
- " ERROR 4": Display capacity exceeded.
- " ERROR 5": Over 6000 divisions.
- " **ERROR 6**": Range W1 incompatible with W2 (W1 must be less than W2)
- " ERROR 7": Division W1 incompatible with W2 (e2 must follow e1)
- " ERROR Z": Error during zero scale calibration phase.
- " ERROR G": Error during gain calibration phase
- " ERROR R": Error during gain calibration phase, input range too low.
- " **ERROR U**": Gravity adjustment incorrect.

- " ERROR a": Type of readout unit other than IDé150/250. n ERROR b": Type of sensor other than 0, 1 or 2. **ERROR** c": Number of sensors not 1 to 12. н ERROR d": Number of measurements per second not 06 to 99. " ERROR e": Multi-scale parameter not 0 or 1. ERROR f": Automatic W2/W1 switching parameter not 0 or 1. " ERROR h": Dial scale or inclinometer parameter not 0/1/2. " ERROR i": Legal metrology parameter not 0 or 1. н ERROR j": Immobility parameter not 0,5E to 3,0E. " ERROR k": Zero follower parameter not 0 or 1. " ERROR 1": NET weighing parameter not 0 / 1 / 2. " **ERROR** m": Zero on power up parameter not 0 or 1. " **ERROR n**": Automatic zero parameter not 0 or 1. " ERROR01": Memory card locked (lock button on side). " ERROR02": Memory card not detected. " ERROR03": Communication problem with memory card. н ERROR04": Communication problem with memory card. п ERROR05": Communication problem with memory card. " ERROR06": Memory card not formatted. Initialise it. " **ERROR07**": Communication problem with memory card. н ERROR08": Communication problem with memory card. " ERROR09": Communication problem with memory card. н ERROR10": Communication problem with memory card. " **ERROR11**": Communication problem with memory card. п ERROR12": Backup of metrological parameters not found on memory card. " ERROR13": Backup of application parameters not found on memory card. ERROR14": Backup file not found on memory card. Data on memory card not compatible with the software ERROR15":
- " **ERROR16**" : Data protected.

## 6. APPENDIX

#### 6.1. Connection pinouts

Connector ref. Pin number	M1	MASTER CAN	COM1		COM2 Options				AUX.
			RS232	RS485	Passive bus	Passive / active bus	RS232	RS485	connect.
1	-  -	-   -	$=   _{l^1}$		μ	μ	⊣⊫	ŧ	0V
2	N.U.	N.U.	Rx	N.U.	N.U.	N.U.	Rx	N.U.	V Battery
3	A-	CAN_H	Тх	N.U.	N.U.	N.U.	Тх	N.U.	+12Vout
4	M-	CAN_L	N.U.	RxTx+	R+	R+	N.U.	Rx+	Common E
5	A+	V+	N.U.	RxTx -	R-	R-	N.U.	Rx-	E1+
6	M+	0V	DTR	N.U.	N.U.	N.U.	DTR	N.U.	E2+
7	R-		0V	0V	N.U.	0V_lso	0V_lso	0V_lso	
8	R+		N.U.	N.U.	T+	T+	N.U.	Tx+	
9	N.U.		N.U.	N.U.	T-	Т-	N.U.	Tx-	

#### 6.2. IDé board layout



#### CONTRAST ADJUSTMENT



# The contrast of the LCD display is adjusted using the blue potentiometer on the interface board, located on the front panel of the readout unit adjacent to the graphic display connector.





# MEMO:

